of a party or a person testifying or producing evidence.

Subpart G—Rules of Practice in FAA Civil Penalty Actions

SOURCE: Amdt. 13–21, 55 FR 27575, July 3, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

§13.201 Applicability.

- (a) This subpart applies to the following actions:
- (1) A civil penalty action in which a complaint has been issued for an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a violation arising under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1301, et seq.), or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder.
- (2) A civil penalty action in which a complaint has been issued for a violation arising under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1471, et seq.) and the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder.
- (b) This subpart applies only to proceedings initiated after September 7, 1988. All other cases, hearings, or other proceedings pending or in progress before September 7, 1988, are not affected by the rules in this subpart.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the United States district courts shall have exclusive jurisdiction of any civil penalty action initiated by the Administrator:
- (1) Which involves an amount in controversy in excess of \$50,000:
- (2) Which is an *in rem* action or in which an *in rem* action based on the same violation has been brought;
- (3) Regarding which an aircraft subject to lien has been seized by the United States: and
- (4) In which a suit for injunctive relief based on the violation giving rise to the civil penalty has also been brought.

§13.202 Definitions.

Administrative law judge means an administrative law judge appointed pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 3105.

Agency attorney means the Deputy Chief Counsel, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Enforcement, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Regulations, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Europe, Africa, and Middle East Area Office, each Regional Counsel, the Aeronautical Center Counsel, or the Technical Center Counsel, or an attorney on the staff of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Enforcement, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Regulations, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Regulations, the Assistant Chief Counsel, Europe, Africa, and Middle East Area Office, each Regional Counsel, the Aeronautical Center Counsel, or the Technical Center Counsel who prosecutes a civil penalty action. An agency attorney shall not include:

- (1) The Chief Counsel, the Assistant Chief Counsel for Litigation, or the Special Counsel and Director of Civil Penalty Adjudications; or
- (2) Any attorney on the staff of either the Assistant Chief Counsel for Litigation or the Special Counsel and Director of Civil Penalty Adjudications who advises the FAA decisionmaker regarding an initial decision or any appeal to the FAA decisionmaker; or
- (3) Any attorney who is supervised in a civil penalty action by a person who provides such advice to the FAA decisionmaker in that action or a factually-related action.

Attorney means a person licensed by a state, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States to practice law or appear before the courts of that state or territory.

Complaint means a document issued by an agency attorney alleging a violation of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder, or the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, or a rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder that has been filed with the hearing docket after a hearing has been requested pursuant to §13.16(d)(3) or §13.16(e)(2)(ii) of this part.

FAA decisionmaker means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, acting in the capacity of the decisionmaker on appeal, or any person to whom the Administrator has delegated the Administrator's decisionmaking authority in a civil penalty action. As used in this subpart, the FAA decisionmaker is the official authorized to issue a final decision and order of the Administrator in a civil penalty action.